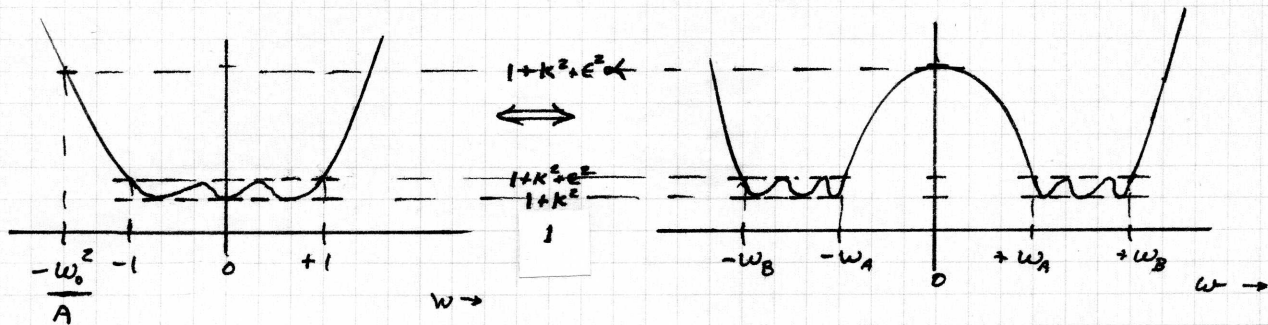


PSEUDO-BANDPASS : QUASI-LOWPASS / QUASI-HIGHPASS

CONSIDER THE MAPPING :  $S = -j \left( \frac{s^2 + \omega_0^2}{A} \right)$



LP  $\Leftrightarrow$  PSEUDO-BANDPASS (QUASI-LOWPASS CASE)

-1	$\Leftrightarrow$	$\pm \omega_A$
+1	$\Leftrightarrow$	$\pm \omega_B$
0	$\Leftrightarrow$	$\omega_0$
$-\frac{\omega_0^2}{A}$	$\Leftrightarrow$	0

$s = \pm j \omega_A$

$$-j = -j \left( \frac{-\omega_A^2 + \omega_0^2}{A} \right)$$

$$A - \omega_0^2 = -\omega_A^2$$

$$\omega_A^2 = \omega_0^2 - A$$

eg. 1.

$s = \pm j \omega_B$

$$+j = -j \left( \frac{-\omega_B^2 + \omega_0^2}{A} \right)$$

$$-A - \omega_0^2 = -\omega_B^2$$

$$\omega_B^2 = \omega_0^2 + A$$

eg. 2.

$$\text{eg. 1} + \text{eg. 2} \Rightarrow \omega_0^2 = \frac{\omega_A^2 + \omega_B^2}{2}$$

$$\text{eg. 2} - \text{eg. 1} \Rightarrow A = \frac{\omega_B^2 - \omega_A^2}{2}$$

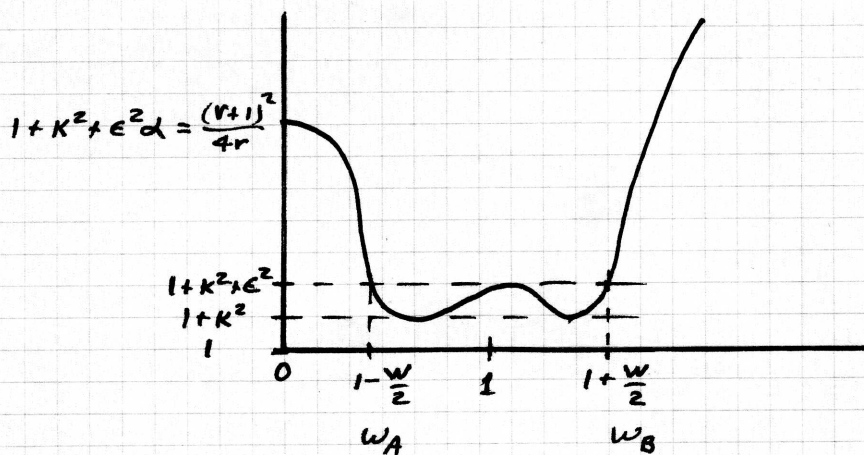
$$\frac{\omega_A + \omega_B}{2} = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\omega_A = 1 - \frac{W}{2}$$

$$\omega_B = 1 + \frac{W}{2}$$

$$\text{WHERE } W = \frac{f_b - f_a}{f}$$

$$\bar{f} = \frac{f_a + f_b}{2}$$



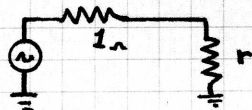
### DC MISMATCH LOSS

$$\alpha = 0$$

$$S = -j \frac{\omega_0^2}{A}$$

$$1 + K^2 + \epsilon^2 \alpha = \left| IL_{LP} \left( \frac{-\omega_0^2}{A} \right) \right|^2 \stackrel{\text{MUST}}{=} \left| IL_{P.B.P}^{(0)} \right|^2$$

$$\text{@ } \alpha = 0$$



$$P_{P.B.P} = \frac{r-1}{r+1} \Rightarrow |P_{P.B.P}|^2 = \frac{r^2 - 2r + 1}{r^2 + 2r + 1}$$

$$\left| IL_{P.B.P} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{1 - |P|^2} = \frac{r^2 + 2r + 1}{r^2 + 2r + 1 - r^2 + 2r - 1} = \frac{r^2 + 2r + 1}{4r}$$

$$\left| IL_{P.B.P} \right|^2 = \frac{(r+1)^2}{4r}$$

$$1 + K^2 + \epsilon^2 \alpha = \frac{(r+1)^2}{4r}$$

$$\epsilon^2 \alpha = \frac{(r+1)^2}{4r} - K^2 - 1 = \frac{(r+1)^2 - 4r - 4K^2 r}{4r}$$

$$\epsilon^2 = \frac{(r-1)^2}{4r} - \frac{K^2}{\alpha} \Rightarrow \epsilon \text{ is a function of } K.$$

(ie offset and ripple are NOT independent.)

$$\text{NOTE THAT } \alpha = T_N^2 \left( \frac{\omega_0^2}{A} \right) = \cosh^2 \left( N \cosh^{-1} \left( \frac{\omega_0^2}{A} \right) \right).$$

$$\text{So, } \epsilon = \sqrt{\left[ \frac{(r-1)^2}{4r} - K^2 \right] / \cosh^2 \left( N \cosh^{-1} \left( \frac{\omega_0^2}{A} \right) \right)}.$$

# QUASI-LOWPASS RESPONSE - SUMMARY -

MAPPING :  $S = -j \left( \frac{s^2 + \omega_0^2}{A} \right)$

$$A = \frac{\omega_B^2 - \omega_A^2}{2}$$

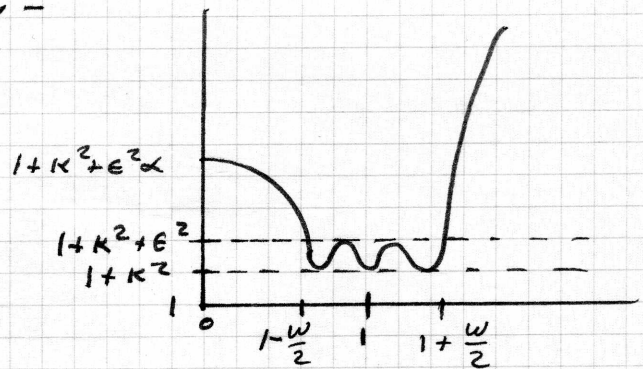
$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\omega_A^2 + \omega_B^2}{2}}$$

$$W = \frac{f_b - f_a}{f}, \quad \bar{f} = \frac{f_b + f_a}{2} \Rightarrow W = \frac{2(f_b - f_a)}{f_b + f_a}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega_A &= 1 - \frac{W}{2} \\ \omega_B &= 1 + \frac{W}{2} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\omega_{\text{MEAN}} = \frac{\omega_A + \omega_B}{2} = 1$$

$\Rightarrow$  DENORMALIZE WRT  $2\pi \frac{(f_b + f_a)}{2} = \pi(f_b + f_a)$



## INVERSE MAPPING :

$$As = s^2 + \omega_0^2$$

$$As(\sigma + j\omega) = s^2 + \omega_0^2$$

$$jA\sigma - A\omega - \omega_0^2 = s^2$$

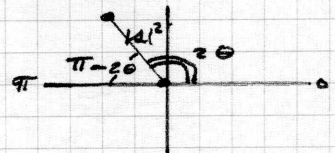
$$s^2 = jA\sigma - (A\omega + \omega_0^2)$$

$$|s^2| = \sqrt{(A\sigma)^2 + (A\omega + \omega_0^2)^2}$$

$$|s| = \sqrt[4]{(A\sigma)^2 + (A\omega + \omega_0^2)^2}$$

$$2\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{A\sigma}{-(A\omega + \omega_0^2)} \right] + \pi$$

$$\theta = -\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{A\sigma}{A\omega + \omega_0^2} \right) + \frac{\pi}{2}$$



NOTE: SECOND QUADRANT

# QUASI-LOWPASS RESPONSE - SUMMARY -

MAPPING :  $S = -j \left( \frac{s^2 + \omega_0^2}{A} \right)$

$$A = \frac{\omega_B^2 - \omega_A^2}{2}$$

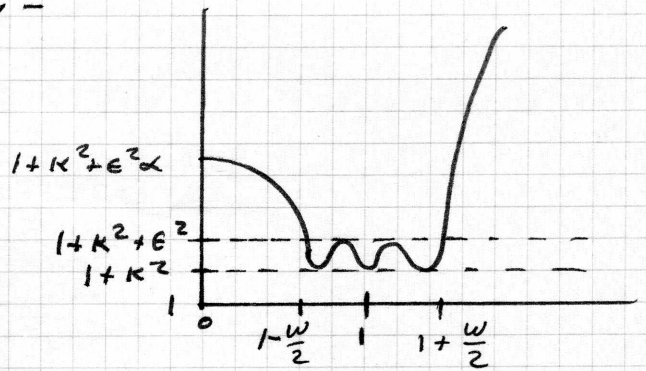
$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\omega_A^2 + \omega_B^2}{2}}$$

$$W = \frac{f_b - f_a}{f}, \quad \bar{f} = \frac{f_b + f_a}{2} \Rightarrow W = \frac{2(f_b - f_a)}{f_b + f_a}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega_A &= 1 - \frac{W}{2} \\ \omega_B &= 1 + \frac{W}{2} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\omega_{\text{MEAN}} = \frac{\omega_A + \omega_B}{2} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{DENORMALIZE WRT } 2\pi \frac{(f_b + f_a)}{2} = \pi(f_b + f_a)$$



## INVERSE MAPPING :

$$As = s^2 + \omega_0^2$$

$$As(\sigma + j\omega) = s^2 + \omega_0^2$$

$$jA\sigma - A\omega - \omega_0^2 = s^2$$

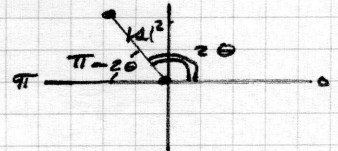
$$s^2 = jA\sigma - (A\omega + \omega_0^2)$$

$$|s^2| = \sqrt{(A\sigma)^2 + (A\omega + \omega_0^2)^2}$$

$$|s| = \sqrt[4]{(A\sigma)^2 + (A\omega + \omega_0^2)^2}$$

$$2\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{A\sigma}{-(A\omega + \omega_0^2)} \right] + \pi$$

$$\theta = -\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{A\sigma}{A\omega + \omega_0^2} \right) + \frac{\pi}{2}$$



NOTE: SECOND QUADRANT

